







ABOUT BANGLADESH

- Strategic hub in South Asia linking India, China, and ASEAN countries
- 5-year GDP growth at a CAGR of 7%, one of the fastest growing economies in the world
- 41st largest economy, poised to become the world's 25th largest economy by 2035
- 10.5% annual growth in country's middle & affluent class population, projected to reach 34 million by 2025

ACCOLADES & CREDENTIALS

- A 'Next-11' country, Bangladesh is poised to become one of the largest economies of the 21st century, according to Goldman Sachs
- Credit rating of BB- by Standard & Poor in 2021 indicates long-term stability
- As per JETRO survey on Business Conditions of Japanese Companies, 70% of surveyed firms present in Bangladesh want further 'expansion'

ROBUST AND GROWING INFRASTRUCTURE

- 3 international airports (Dhaka, Chattogram and Sylhet) and 5 domestic airports provide seamless aerial connectivity. The 3rd terminal at Dhaka's Hazrat Shahjalal International Airport will become operational by 2024.
- 580-km coastline facilitates 90% of Bangladesh's international trade via ports of Chattogram and Mongla.
- Part of Trans-Asian railway network stretching from Europe to South-East Asia.
- Extensive network of good quality roads (Asian Highways, National Highways, and regional highway corridors like SASEC, BIMSTEC and SAARC).
- 25,000+ MW power generation capacity; target to reach 40,000 MW by 2030.

POWER AND ENERGY SECTOR AT A GLANCE

16

Access to electricity increased to 94% of total population, distribution losses reduced to 9.35%



Per capita generation: 426 KWh Per capita consumption: 378 KWh FY 2020



Power plants
In operation: 146
Under
construction: 151



Bangladesh generated 25,235 MW of electricity in FY 2021, of which grid production is 22,031 MW and off grid is 3002 MW



Of the 22,031 MW of electricity produced, public sector and private sector contributes 46% and 43% respectively



Improvement of transmission lines have enhanced power generation and distribution by 1,324 MW from 2020 to 2021

More than **4 million off-grid roof top solar home systems** installed since the last decade

146



From **fuel-based production** of electricity, each commodity represents



Hydro 1.04% Gas 51.97% Coal 8.03%

Diesel 5.86% Furnace Oil 27.25%

Renewable Energy 0.59%

Contribution from technology-based production of electricity



Combined Cycle 34.62% Wave 1.04%

Solar 0.59 % Gas Turbine 5.55 %

Reciprocative Engine 38.05 %

Commercial consumers: Electrical consumption:

291,000 7.6 trillion-KWh





Industrial consumers: Electrical consumption:

379,000 20.2 trillion-KWh



Around 20 million people in rural areas brought under power coverage through 5.8 million solar home systems



7 Public-Private Partnership (PPP) projects initiated for power generation to meet growing demand



151 more power station currently under construction, of which 24 are private sector projects

Above 100 meters wind speed in the southern region of Bangladesh, which is ideal for wind-powered electricity generation



DEMAND DRIVERS



Increased urban immigration is driving electrical consumption



Purchasing power increased by 43.3% from 2013 to 2020



Total number of registered vehicles: 4.47 million units



12 million people are in medium income affluent bracket and the segment is growing at rate of 10% per year

By 2030, Bangladesh plans to produce 10% of electricity from renewable energy sources





Ongoing megaprojects are expected to drive up demand for electricity in the coming years

Bangladesh has the potential to utilize wind farms and tidal energy to ensure sustainable energy development



GROWTH DRIVERS

- A strong ecosystem to produce off-grid solar capacity has been set up with low-interest loans, which can increase future demands
- Off-shore gas fields are untapped ever since Bangladesh has won the rights of 200 miles of exclusive economic zone in the Bay of Bengal
- Strong summer winds can generate seasonal higher electric output
- Demand for electricity will increase with modernization of distribution and transmission of energy system
- · Government amended terms for production sharing contract in 2019
- Large scope for growth from waste to bio-gas

SECTOR-SPECIFIC INCENTIVES

- The National Budget for FY 2021 has allocated Tk. 24,853 crore to the Power Division of which Tk. 24,804 crore (99.8% of total budget) is for development budget.
- Income Tax Exemption for coal based private power company based on the commencement of operations (up to 15 years).
- Income Tax Exemption for non-coal based private power company.
- Commencing operations between 1 Jan 2020 to 31 Dec 2022 100% exemption up to 31 Dec 2034.
- Power producers i.e., power generation companies are exempted from VAT on their supply of electricity.
- 3 years income tax exemption for foreign expatriates working in private power generation companies.
- Foreign expatriates can send 75% of net income as well as repatriation of savings and retirement benefits at the time of their return.
- Capital gains tax is exempted for sale shares of private power generation companies.























